radionuclide prior to medical use, except for unit dosages obtained from a manufacturer or preparer licensed pursuant to 10 CFR 32.72 or equivalent Agreement State requirements;

- (c) Retain a record of the measurements required by this section for three years. To satisfy this requirement, the record must contain the:
- (1) Generic name, trade name, or abbreviation of the radiopharmaceutical, its lot number, and expiration dates and the radionuclide;
- (2) Patient's or human research subject's name, and identification number if one has been assigned;
- (3) Prescribed dosage and activity of the dosage at the time of measurement, or a notation that the total activity is less than 1.1 megabecquerels (30 microcuries);
- (4) Date and time of the measurement; and
- (5) Initials of the individual who made the record.

[51 FR 36951, Oct. 16, 1986, as amended at 53 FR 19247, May 27, 1988; 59 FR 61784, Dec. 2, 1994]

§ 35.57 Authorization for calibration and reference sources.

Any person authorized by §35.11 of this part for medical use of byproduct material may receive, possess, and use the following byproduct material for check, calibration, and reference use:

- (a) Sealed sources manufactured and distributed by a person licensed pursuant to §32.74 of this chapter or equivalent Agreement State regulations and that do not exceed 15 millicuries each;
- (b) Any byproduct material listed in §§ 35.100 or 35.200 with a half-life not longer than 100 days in individual amounts not to exceed 15 millicuries;
- (c) Any byproduct material listed in §§ 35.100 or 35.200 with a half-life longer than 100 days in individual amounts not to exceed 200 microcuries each; and
- (d) Technetium-99m in individual amounts not to exceed 50 millicuries.

§ 35.59 Requirements for possession of sealed sources and brachytherapy sources.

(a) A licensee in possession of any sealed source or brachytherapy source shall follow the radiation safety and handling instructions supplied by the manufacturer, and shall maintain the instructions for the duration of source use in a legible form convenient to users.

- (b) A licensee in possession of a sealed source shall:
- (1) Test the source for leakage before its first use unless the licensee has a certificate from the supplier indicating that the source was tested within six months before transfer to the licensee; and
- (2) Test the source for leakage at intervals not to exceed six months or at other intervals approved by the Commission or an Agreement State and described in the label or brochure that accompanies the source.
- (c) To satisfy the leak test requirements of this section, the licensee must:
- (1) Take a wipe sample from the sealed source or from the surfaces of the device in which the sealed source is mounted or stored on which radio-active contamination might be expected to accumulate or wash the source in a small volume of detergent solution and treat the entire volume as the sample;
- (2) Take teletherapy and other device source test samples when the source is in the "off" position; and
- (3) Measure the sample so that the leakage test can detect the presence of 0.005 microcuries of radioactive material on the sample.
- (d) A licensee shall retain leakage test records for five years. The records must contain the model number, and serial number if assigned, of each source tested, the identity of each source radionuclide and its estimated activity, the measured activity of each test sample expressed in microcuries, a description of the method used to measure each test sample, the date of the test, and the signature of the Radiation Safety Officer.
- (e) If the leakage test reveals the presence of 0.005 microcurie or more of removable contamination, the licensee shall:
- (1) Immediately withdraw the sealed source from use and store it in accordance with the requirements in parts 20 and 30 of this chapter; and
- (2) File a report within five days of the leakage test with the appropriate